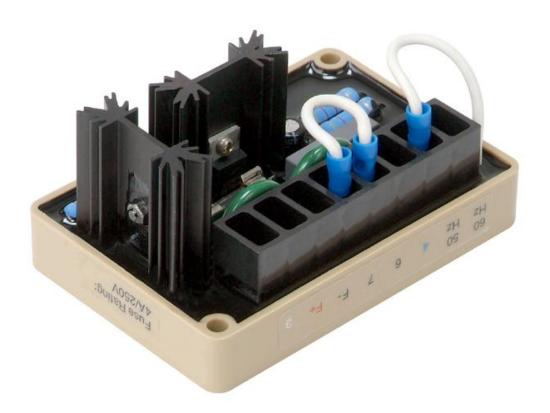
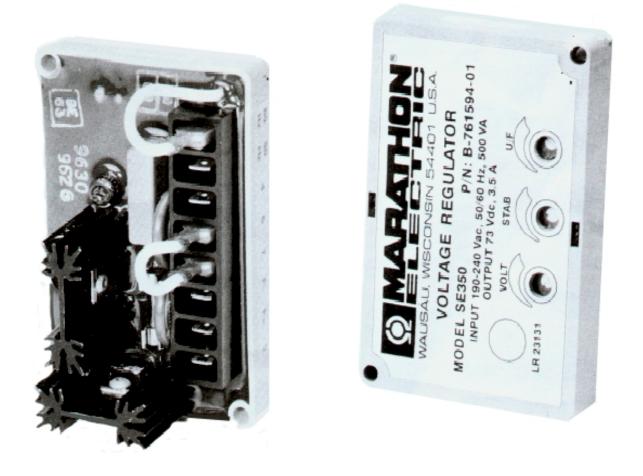
Installation • Operation • Maintenance



Voltage Regulator Marthon AVR SE350

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SE350 VOLTAGE REGULATOR INSTRUCTION MANUAL





INTRODUCTION

The SE350 voltage regulator is an encapsulated electronic voltage regulator that controls the output of a brushless AC generator by regulating the current into the exciter field.

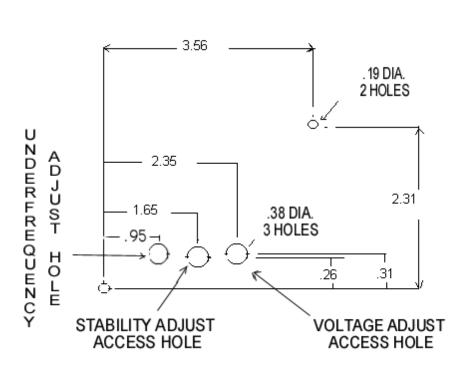
SPECIFICATION	SE350 REGULATOR	
Sensing & Power Input	190-240 Vac	
Burden	500 VA	
Output Power- Continuous	73 Vdc at 3.5 Adc (255w)	
Output Power - Forcing(240 Vac Input Power)	105 Vdc at 5 Adc (525w)	
Regulation	1.0%	
Remote Voltage Adjustment Range	\pm 10% with 2000 ohm rheostat	
	\pm 5% with 1000 ohm rheostat	
Frequency Compensation	Adjustable	
Roll off frequency	54-61 Hz for 60 Hz	
	45-51 Hz for 50 Hz	
Operation	Weight6.5 oz.	
Operating Temperature	-40° C to $+60^{\circ}$ C	
Storage Temperature	-65° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C	
Power Dissipation	8 watts maximum	
Size	3.94" L X 2.66" W X 2.20: H	
Voltage Buildup	Internal provisions forautomatic voltage	
	build up from generator residual voltage as	
	low as 10 Vac.	
EMI Suppression	Internal Electromagnetic Interference	
	Filter (EMI Filter)	

WARNING

TO PREVENT PERSONAL INJURY OR EQUIPMENTDAMAGE ONLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL SHOULD INSTALL, OPERATE, OR SERVICE THIS DEVICE.

CAUTION: DO NOT megger or high-pot the generator with the regulator connected. DO NOT high-pot the regulator.

The SE350 voltage regulator can be mounted in any plane, following are mounting dimensions.



VIEWING TERMINAL END OF THE REGULATOR DIMENSIONS FOR MOUNTING TERMINAL SIDE UP

FIGURE 1

FUSE

A 4 Amp, 250 V, 5 X 20 mm fuse is supplied with the regulator (Part A-527066). It can be located on the rear face of the voltage regulator.

EXCITER POWER CIRCUIT

Connect the regulator wire F+ to the generator F+ or F1 field terminal. Connect the regulator wire F- to the generator F- or F2 field terminal. See Figure 2 for typical connection diagram

SENSING/POWER INPUT CIRCUIT

Input power and sensing is achieved through terminals 3 and 4. The voltage input requirement of the SE350 is 190 to 240 Vac. See Figure 2

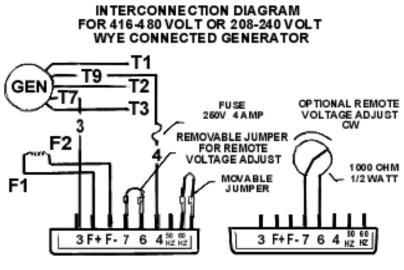


FIGURE 2

VOLTAGE ADJUST

The screwdriver adjustable potentiometer adjusts the generator output voltage. Adjustment clockwise increases the generator output voltage.

When using a remote voltage adjust rheostat, remove the jumper wire across terminals 6 and 7 and install a 2000 ohm 1/2 watt (minimum) rheostat. This will give $\pm 10\%$ voltage variation from the nominal. (For $\pm 5\%$ voltage variation use a 1000 ohm 1/2 watt rheostat). See Figure 2.

STABILITY ADJUST

System stability is the ability of the generator to respond to load transients. Decreasing the stability makes the generator less sluggish and faster to respond to toad transients. If the stability of the regulator is decreased too much, the generator will tend to hunt under steady state conditions.

The screwdriver adjustable potentiometer adjusts the system stability. Adjustment clockwise increases the stability. Increasing the stability increases the response time of the generator. Conversely, decreasing the stability decreases the response time of the generator.

V/HZ ROLL-OFF FREQUENCY SELECTION

The roll off point is the frequency where the generator voltage starts to decrease. This reduces the Kilowatt load to the engine, which allows the engine to recover in speed under any load transient condition. Use jumper to select 50 HZ or 60 Hz. The screwdriver adjustable potentiometer sets the roll-off frequency from 54-61 Hz in the 60 Hz setting or from 45-51 Hz in the 50 Hz setting.

The SE350 has the roll-off point preset to 58 Hz in the 60 Hz mode and 48 Hz in the 50 Hz mode. To change the roll-off point, adjust engine speed to the desired rated speed. (50 or 60 Hz). Set the voltage to the desired setting at rated speed. Adjust engine speed to the desired roll-off point. Turn the potentiometer counterclockwise until the voltage starts to drop off. Then adjust the potentiometer clockwise until the voltage returns to rated voltage. Re-adjust engine speed to rated speed.

PRELIMINARY SET-UP

Ensure the voltage regulator is correctly connected to the generator. Refer to the specific connection diagram supplied with the generator.

Set the regulator voltage adjust to full counter-clockwise (minimum voltage level).

Set the remote voltage adjust (if used) to the center position.

Set the stability control full clockwise (maximum stability level).

Connect the positive lead of a 100 V D.C. voltmeter to Fl and the negative lead of the voltmeter to F2 or use an appropriate AC voltmeter on the generator output leads.

SYSTEM START-UP

Start and run the generator at no load and rated speed. The generator voltage should build up to a minimum level. (Actual level is dependent upon connection). If it does not build up, refer to field flashing section in generator manual.

Slowly adjust the voltage control until the generator voltage reaches the nominal value. If used, adjust the remote voltage rheostat to set the generator voltage to the exact value desired.

Turn the stability adjust counter-clockwise until instability is shown on either of the voltmeters mentioned in the "PRELIMINARY SET-UP" section. With the system operating in an unstable condition, slowly adjust the stability control clockwise until generator stability is reached.

Interrupt regulator power for a short time (approximately 1-2 seconds).

If the generator remains stable, no further adjustment is necessary. If the generator does not remain stable, increase the stability slightly and interrupt regulator power again.

This procedure should be repeated until system stability is reached and maintained.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Symptom	Cause	Action
Residual Voltage -No Output	Residual voltage at regulator power input wires 3 & 4 below 10 V ac.	Check wiring diagram for proper connections. Flash generator field. Refer to field flashing section in generator manual.
	Acceleration time to rated speed too long.	Reduce acceleration time. Interrupt power input to regulator after achieving rated speed.
	Field leads Fl, F2 not connected.	Connect field leads Fl, F2.
	Power input leads not connected.	Connect power-input leads 3,4.
	Blown or missing fuse.	Replace fuse.
	Defective regulator.	Replace regulator.
	Defective generator.	Consult generator manual.
Output Voltage Low	Incorrect connections.	Check wiring diagram for proper connections.
	Voltages adjust turned down.	Rotate voltages adjust CW until desired voltage is reached.
	Remote voltage adjust is turned down.	Rotate remote voltages adjust CW until desired voltage is reached.
	Defective regulator.	Replace regulator.
Output Voltage High	Voltages adjust turned too high.	Rotate voltages adjust CCW until desired voltage is reached.
	Remote voltage adjust is turned too high.	Rotate remote voltages adjust CCW until desired voltage is reached.
Output Voltage High - No Adjustment	Defective regulator.	Replace regulator.
Remote Voltage Adjust Operates Backwards	Voltages adjust wire backwards.	Reverse the wiring of the remote voltage adjust.
Generator Output Voltage Hunting	Stability adjusts not set properly.	Rotate the stability adjusts in a CW direction until hunting stops.
Poor Regulation	Defective regulator.	Replace regulator.